

A key to the identification of *Cerceris* Latreille (Hymenoptera, Sphecidae) of Kazakhstan and Middle Asia

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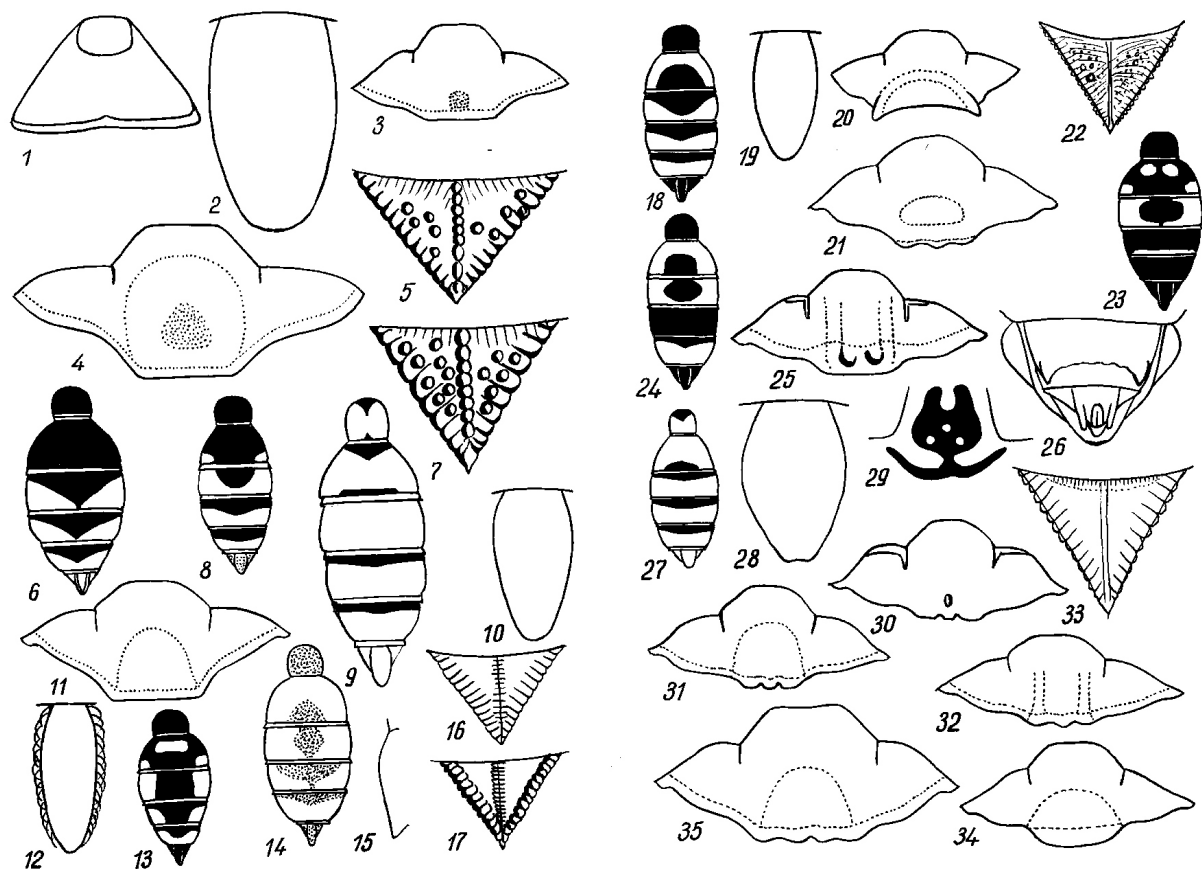
More than 100 species of *Cerceris* are known to occur in Central-Asian region, i.e., in the republics of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan (Kazenas, 1978, 1984). They were all revised in my book "The digger wasps of the genus *Cerceris* of Middle Asia and Kazakhstan" (Kazenas, 1984) but because of space limitations beyond my control I was not able to include a key to their identification. An updated version of the key has been translated into English and is published below. The number in parentheses after each species name refers to the page on which this species is treated in the book.

Key to the species

1. Tergum I without small, apicomedian fossa; gaster with irregular color pattern: tergum II with yellow spot basally or with 3 spots (one basal, two posterolateral) or with basal spot and apical fascia, in some specimens all black or all yellow; remaining terga with different pattern.....2
 - Tergum I (also following terga in some species) with small, apicomedian fossa. Gaster with regular color pattern: tergum II and following terga each with pale apical fascia (Fig. 113), fasciae continuous or interrupted; in some specimens gaster all yellow or all red.....78
2. Sternum II basally with well-defined, semicircular plate (Fig. 1) or, if plate ill defined, clypeal middle lobe of female concave mesally and setae on free margin of lateral clypeal lobes of male not agglutinated.....3
 - Sternum II without semicircular plate, in some species somewhat convex basally; clypeal middle lobe of female without median concavity.....56
3. Females.....4
 - Males.....30
4. Midfrontal carina gradually sloping at dorsal end, almost reaching midocellus. Pygidial plate broad: its width not less than 1/2 of its length (Fig.2)5
 - Midfrontal carina abruptly sloping at dorsal end, ending far from midocellus (almost reaching midocellus in *C. gracilis*). Pygidial plate narrower: its width less than 1/2 length; middle clypeal lobe mostly concave; concavity not more than 2/3 of its length from fore margin (Fig. 11).....6
5. Frons near orbit with no interspaces between punctures. Middle clypeal lobe with free margin broadly emarginate and concave (Fig. 3). Propodeal enclosure with transverse ridges, usually also with punctures (Fig. 5). Color pattern whitish. Tergum II all black in some specimens (Fig. 6). 10-13 mm.....
 -*C. circularis dacica* Schletterer (12,15)
 - Frons near orbit with well defined interspaces between punctures. Middle clypeal lobe with nearly straight foremargin (Fig. 4). Propodeal enclosure with large punctures and with short ridges near lateral margins (Fig. 7). Color pattern yellow. Tergum II partly yellow (Figs. 8, 9). 11-15 mm.. *C. dorsalis solskii* Radoszkowski (15,17)
6. Pygidial plate narrower, its length at least 2.5 x width, bordered by setae whose length is more than midocellar diameter (Fig. 12)7
 - Pygidial plate broader, its length at most 2.2 x width, with shorter setae (Fig.19)9
7. Fasciae of terga III and IV interrupted mesally (Figs. 13, 14).8
 - Fasciae of terga III and IV narrowed mesally, but not interrupted (Fig. 18). 9-15 mm.....
 -*C. lunata lunata* A.Costa (23)
8. Clypeal free margin protruding forward (Fig. 15), black or brown. Ridges adjacent to lateral margin of propodeal enclosure fine (Fig. 16). Gaster black, with whitish-yellow spots (Fig. 13). 7.5-10 mm..... *C. lunata albicolor* Shestakov (23,25)
 - Clypeal free margin not protruding forward (Fig. 15), pale-red, semitransparent. Ridges adjacent to lateral margins of propodeal enclosure rough (Fig. 17). Gaster in some specimens red or brown, with pale spots (Fig. 14). 8-10 mm. *C. dispar* Dahlbom (27)
9. Clypeus with semicircular swelling (along dorsal end of concavity) that ends on each side in a tooth (Fig. 20). 11 mm. *C. edolata* Shestakov (30)

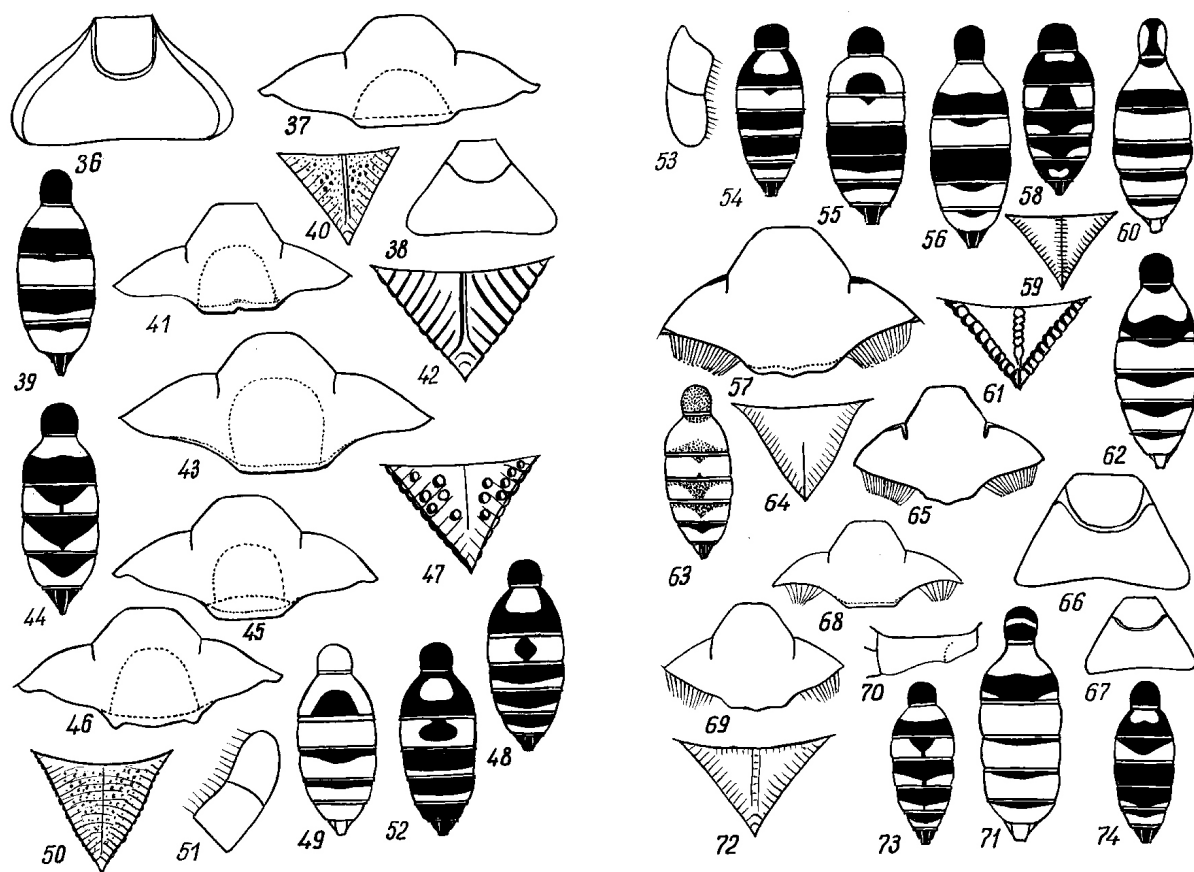
- Clypeus without semicircular swelling (Fig. 21).....10
- 10. Gastral segments I-IV (sometimes all gaster) red or brown-red, without light spots or fasciae. Propodeal enclosure finely ridged and with inconspicuous punctures. Midfrontal carina long and gradually sloping at dorsal end. 7.4-10.7 mm. *C. gracilis* Kazenas (60)
- Gastral segments I-IV with different pattern. Propodeal enclosure coarsely ridged or smooth. Midfrontal carina short, abruptly sloping at dorsal end. 11
- 11. Tergum II with pale spot in posterolateral corner (Fig. 23), in some specimens connected with basal spot (Fig. 24), or all pale. Jugal lobe of hindwing usually not shorter than 1/3 of anal cell. 12
- Tergum II all black or with basal pale spot. Jugal lobe of hindwing usually shorter than 1/3, but longer than 1/4 of anal cell, a little longer than 1/3 cell in *C. turanica*.....21
- 12. Dorsal surface of terga III and IV concave in profile. Middle clypeal lobe with a pair of longitudinal swellings (Fig. 25). 8-11 mm. *C. eryngii* Marquet (31)
- Dorsal surface of terga III and IV plane. Middle clypeal lobe without longitudinal swellings.....13
- 13. Free margin of middle clypeal lobe straight (Fig. 11).....14
- Free margin of middle clypeal lobe with small, median tooth (tooth ill defined in *C. icta* and *C. barchanica*) (Figs. 30, 31). 17
- 14. Sternum V convex, but not acutely prominent posterolaterally. Pygidial plate usually with little incision (Fig. 28). Propodeal side without oblique ridge behind spiracle. Vertex yellow with black spot (Fig. 29). 6-7 mm. *C. angelica* Kazenas (40)
- Sternum V acutely prominent posterolaterally (Fig. 26). Pygidial plate usually without incision. Propodeal side with or without oblique ridge behind spiracle. Vertex usually all black.....15
- 15. Terga I and IV all black (Fig. 24), in some specimens tergum I with little pale spots or narrow fascia. 8-13 mm. *C. fimbriata* (Rossi) (17) 16
- Tergum I largely yellowish-white (Fig. 27), with black base and in some specimens with dark fascia near apical margin. Tergum IV with broad pale fascia or all pale (Fig. 27). 8-10 mm. *C. shestakoviana* Gussakovskij (21)
- 16. Pale body markings whitish. Mesopleuron and propodeal side without pale spots. Tergum V black or with apical pale fascia. *C. fimbriata pallidopicta* Radoszkowski (17,20)
- Pale body markings yellow. Mesopleuron with pale spot. Propodeal side in some specimens with pale spot. Tergum V all pale-yellow. *C. fimbriata cogens* Kohl (17,20)
- 17. Clypeus with small, sharp, laterally compressed tubercle in the middle near free margin (Fig. 30). Jugal lobe of hindwing approximately equal to 1/2 of anal cell. Propodeal side with acute oblique ridge behind spiracle. 8-9 mm. *C. spinifera* Kazenas (42)
- Clypeus without sharp tubercle (Fig. 31). Jugal lobe of hindwing shorter than 1/2 of anal cell. 18
- 18. Medial tooth of foremargin of middle clypeal lobe ill defined (Fig. 32).....19
- Tooth on foremargin of medial clypeal lobe well defined, broad apically (Fig. 31).....20
- 19. Propodeal side without oblique semitransparent ridge. Concavity of middle clypeal lobe not limited by swellings laterally. 7 mm. *C. icta* Shestakov (44)
- Propodeal side with oblique semitransparent swelling behind spiracle. Concavity of middle clypeal lobe limited by swellings laterally (Fig. 32). 8.5-9 mm. *C. barchanica* Kazenas (47)
- 20. Sternum II basally with elevated plate whose posterior margin is sharply delimited. 8-8.5 mm. *C. meditata* Shestakov (45)
- Sternum II basally convex, but without sharply delimited plate. 7-8 mm. *C. maracandica* Radoszkowski (63)
- 21. Propodeal enclosure smooth, shiny, only laterally with short, transverse ridges (Fig. 33)..... 22
- Propodeal enclosure all ridged, ridges in some specimens absent near middle sulcus.....25
- 22. Jugal lobe of hindwing only slightly shorter than 1/2 of anal cell. Middle clypeal lobe apically with oblique, prominent border (Fig. 34). 9-10.5 mm. *C. turanica* Kazenas (38)
- Jugal lobe of hindwing shorter than 1/3 of anal cell. Middle clypeal lobe without prominent border (Fig. 35) 23
- 23. Clypeal free margin with narrow, triangular incision mesally, shallowly concave on each side (Fig. 35). Basal plate of sternum II narrow: its width almost equal to its length; reaching 1/2 length of sternum (Fig. 36). Gena angulate adjacent to occipital carina. 7-8.5 mm..... *C. turkestanica* Radoszkowski (34)
- Clypeal free margin not incised mesally (Fig. 37). Basal plate of sternum II wider, its width more than its length, usually less than half sternum length (Fig. 38). 24

24. Tergum I partly yellow. Gastral punctures coarse, their diameters 1/2 to 1/3 x midocellar diameters. Apical margin of terga I-V markedly upcurved, translucent. Tergum IV largely yellow. 9.5-10.5 mm.*C. andrei* Gussakovskij (58)
- Tergum I in most specimens all black. Gastral punctures smaller and sparser. Apical margin of terga not markedly upcurved. Tergum IV largely black (Fig. 39). 8-10 mm. *C. koshantshikovi* Shestakov (37)
25. Tergum IV black or with yellow markings less developed than on tergum V.26
- Terga IV and V each with white or yellow fascia, fasciae almost equal in size (Fig. 44).28
26. Propodeal enclosure finely ridged, often unsculptured adjacent to median sulcus (Fig. 40). Clypeal free margin slightly incised mesally (Fig. 41). Only apical half of middle clypeal lobe concave. 9.5-10 mm.*C. kasachstanica* Kazenas (36)
- Propodeal enclosure coarsely ridged (Fig. 42). Clypeal free margin not incised (Fig. 43). Apical 2/3 of middle clypeal lobe concave (Fig. 43). 8-13 mm. *C. rybyensis* (Linnaeus) (49).....27
27. Body markings golden-yellow; tergum IV with narrow fascia or spots.....*C. rybyensis rybyensis* (Linnaeus) (49)
- Body markings yellowish white; tergum IV all black.*C. rybyensis dittrichi* Schulz (49, 51)
28. Apical 1/2-1/3 of middle clypeal lobe concave. Clypeal free margin without lateral teeth (Fig. 45). Forefemoral setae curved. Clypeal punctures varying. 6-11 mm. *C. sabulosa* (Panzer) (53)29
- Apical 2/3 of middle clypeal lobe concave. Clypeal free margin with lateral teeth. Clypeus with fine punctation. Forefemoral setae sinuous to nearly straight. 6-11 mm.....*C. colorata* Schletterer (56)
29. Body markings yellowish white, femur partly red.....*C. sabulosa dahlbomi* Beaumont (53, 55)
- Body markings golden-yellow, legs without red markings. ...*C. sabulosa sabulosa* (Panzer) (53, 55)
30. Midfrontal carina gradually sloping dorsad, almost reaching midocellus. Propodeal enclosure punctate.....31
- Midfrontal carina abruptly sloping at dorsal end, ending far from midocellus or, if ending near midocellus, then propodeal enclosure without punctures.33
31. Propodeal enclosure punctate (Fig. 47). Gaster black, with pale spots and fasciae or largely yellow. Flagellum without erect setae.32
- Propodeal enclosure all or partly unsculptured, with evanescent punctures and inconspicuous ridges (Fig. 50). Gaster largely red. Flagellum with very short erect setae on concave edge from below. 7.4-8 mm.....*C. gracilis* Kazenas (60)
32. Free margin of clypeus black. Facial punctures nearly contiguous (with no interspaces). Tegula with conspicuous punctures. Body markings yellowish white. Tergum III with black spot (Fig. 48). 7.5-12 mm.....*C. circularis dacica* Schletterer (12, 15)
- Free margin of clypeus red. Facial punctures separated by well-defined interspaces. Tegula impunctate or with minute punctures. Body markings yellow. Tergum III without black spot (Fig. 49). 9-12 mm.....*C. dorsalis solskii* Radoszkowski (15, 17)
33. Flagellum with row of erect setae whose length is 8-10 times less than flagellum width (Fig. 51)34
- Flagellum with usual inconspicuous, appressed setae.36
34. Erect setae of flagellum sparse, perpendicular to flagellum surface (Fig. 51).....35
- Erect setae of flagellum dense, oblique (Fig. 53). Tergum II with yellowish white spot basally; tergum III almost all yellowish white (Fig. 54). 7.4-8.8 mm.....*C. turanica* Kazenas (38)
35. Tergum II with whitish yellow spot basally (Fig. 52) and in most specimens also in each posterolateral corner. Tergum III black basally. 7-8 mm.*C. eryngii* Marquet (31)
- Gaster all yellow or with brown spots of irregular shape. 9-11 mm.*C. edolata* Shestakov (30)
36. Jugal lobe of hindwing equal to 1/3 of anal cell or somewhat longer. Distance between hindocelli equal to distance between hindocellus and adjacent eye or slightly less.....37
- Jugal lobe of hindwing longer than 1/4, but shorter than 1/3 length of anal cell. Distance between hindocelli less than distance between hindocellus and adjacent eye.51
37. Propodeal enclosure with coarse irregular microsculpture, dull, with cross lateral ridges, with fine setae. Jugal lobe of hindwing shorter than 1/3 of anal cell. 9-10 mm.*C. kasachstanica* Kazenas (36)
- Propodeal enclosure smooth, only with short lateral ridges, asetose. Jugal lobe of hindwing usually longer than 1/3 of anal cell.38
38. Sternum VI acutely prominent posterolaterally39
- Sternum VI rounded or only slightly prominent posterolaterally41
39. Tergum II with yellow or whitish spot basally and also in each posterolateral corner, in some specimens posterolateral spots connected with basal one (Fig. 55); tergum IV in most specimens all black. 8-11 mm. *C. fimbriata* (Rossi) (17).....40



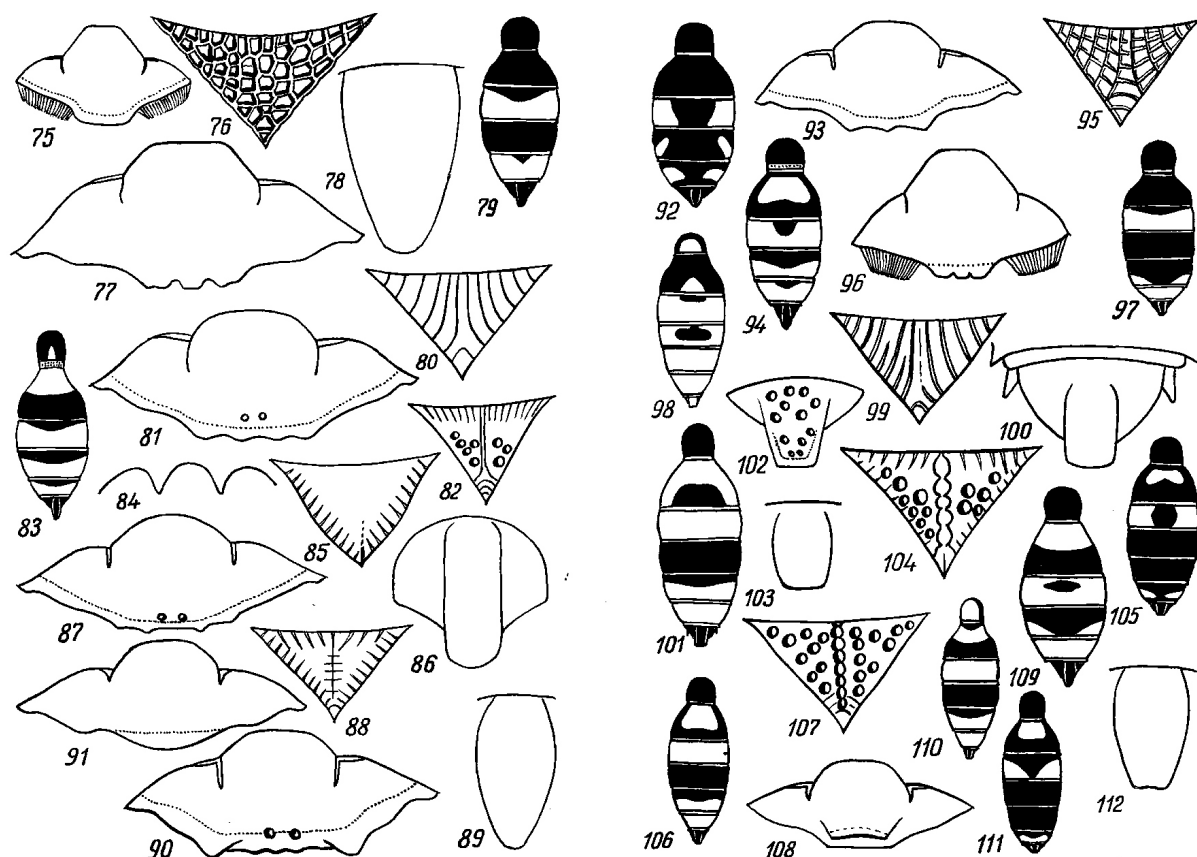
Figs. 1-35: Gastral sterna I and II of % *Cerceris dorsalis solskii*, 2 – pygidial plate of & *C. circularis dacica*, 3 – clypeus of & *C. circularis dacica*, 4 – clypeus of & *C. dorsalis solskii*, 5 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. circularis dacica*, 6 – gaster of & *C. circularis dacica*, 7 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. dorsalis solskii*, 8 – gaster of & *C. dorsalis* (dark variation), 9 – gaster of & *C. dorsalis solskii* (pale variation), 10 – pygidial plate of & *C. fimbriata*, 11 – clypeus of & *C. fimbriata*, 12 – pygidial plate of & *C. lunata albicolor*, 13 – gaster of & *C. lunata albicolor*, 14 – gaster of & *C. dispar*, 15 – clypeus of & *C. lunata albicolor* from lateral view, 16 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. lunata albicolor*, 17 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. Dispar*, 18 – gaster of & *C. lunata lunata*, 19 – pygidial plate of & *C. eryngii*, 20 – clypeus of & *C. edolata*, 21 – clypeus of & *C. gracilis*, 22 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. gracilis*, 23 – gaster of & *C. eryngii*, 24 – gaster of & *C. fimbriata*, 25 – clypeus of & *C. eryngii*, 26 – apical part of gaster of & *C. fimbriata* from below, 27 – gaster of & *C. shestakoviana*, 28 – pygidial plate of & *C. angelica*, 29 – spot on vertex of & *C. angelica*, 30 – clypeus of & *C. spinifera*, 31 – clypeus of & *C. meditata*, 32 – clypeus of & *C. barchanica*, 33 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. turanica*, 34 – clypeus of & *C. turanica*, 35 – clypeus of & *C. turkestanica*.

- Terga II and IV almost all yellowish white. 7.5-8 mm. *C. shestakoviana* Gussakovskij (21)
- 40. Body markings yellowish-white. Mesopleuron, propodeal side, and sternum VI black.....
..... *C.fimbriata pallidopicta* Radoiszkowski (17,20)
- Body markings yellow. Mesopleurae and in some specimens sides of propodeum with pale spots. Sternum VI with two yellow spots. *C. fimbriata cogens* Kohl (17, 20)
- 41. Tergum II with one yellow or whitish basal spot, not connected with posterior margin of tergum (Fig. 56). in *C. koshantshikovi* sometimes with little spot in each posterior corner.42
- Tergum II all yellow or with dark spot near posterior margin, in some specimens with 3 large..... spots45
- 42. Clypeal free margin with medial tooth (Fig. 57).43
- Clypeal free margin without medial tooth, almost straight. Propodeal enclosure with fine lateral ridges (Fig. 59). Terga III-V each with yellow continuous fascia (Fig. 60). 6.5-7.5 mm.....
..... *C. meditata* Shestakov (45)
- 43. Terga III and V almost all yellowish-white, tergum IV black (Fig. 56). Propodeal enclosure with fine transverse lateral ridges.....44
- Terga III-V each with mesally interrupted fascia (Fig. 58). Propodeal enclosure with coarse, mesally interrupted, transverse ridges. 7-8.5 mm..... *C. lunata albicolor* Shestakov (23, 25)



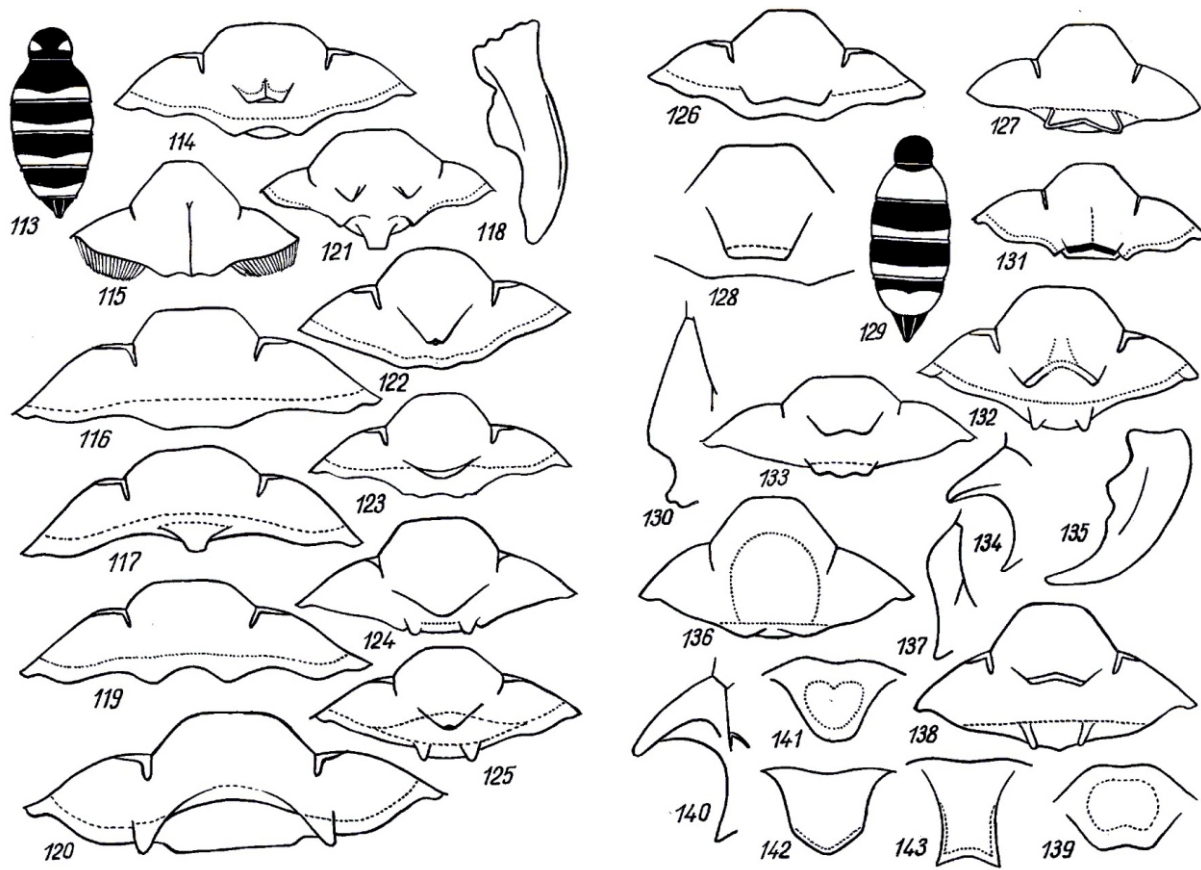
Figs. 36-74: 36 – gastral sternum II of & *C. turkestanica*, 37 – clypeus of & *C. andrei*, 38 – gastral sternum II of & *C. andrei*, 39 – gaster of & *C. Koshantshikovi*, 40 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. kasachstanica*, 41 – clypeus of & *C. kasachstanica*, 42 – propodeal enclosure of & *C. Rybyensis*, 43 – clypeus of & *C. rybyensis*, 44 – gaster of *C. sabulosa*, 45 – clypeus of & *C. sabulosa*, 46 – clypeus of & *C. colorata* (?), 47 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. circularis dacica*, 48 – gaster of % *C. circularis dacica*, 49 – gaster of % *C. dorsalis solskii*, 50 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. gracilis*, 51 – apical flagellomeres of % *C. eryngii*, 52 - gaster of % *C. eryngii*, 53 – apical flagellomeres of % *C. turanica*, 54 – gaster of % *C. turanica*, 55 – gaster of % *C. fimbriata*, 56 – gaster of % *C. turkestanica*, 57 – clypeus of % *C. turkestanica*, 58 – gaster of % *C. lunata albicolor*, 59 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. meditata*, 60 – gaster of % *C. meditata*, 61 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. dispar*, 62 – gaster of % *C. lunata lunata*, 63 – gaster of % *C. dispar*, 64 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. spinifera*, 65 – clypeus of % *C. spinifera*, 66 – sternum II of % *C. spinifera*, 67 – sternum II of % *C. barchanica*, 68 – clypeus of % *C. meditata*, 69 – clypeus of % *C. maracandica*, 70 – sternum II of % *C. meditata* from lateral view, 71 – gaster of % *C. andrei*, 72 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. colorata*, 73 – gaster of % *C. sabulosa*, 74 – gaster of % *C. rybyensis*.

- 44. Prominent basal plate of sternum II not less than S of sternum length. 6-8,5 mm.
.....*C. turkestanica* Radoszkowski (34)
- Prominent basal plate of sternum II less than S of sternum length. 8-9 mm.
.....*C. koshantshikovi* Shestakov (37)
- 45. Propodeal enclosure, along each lateral margin, with deep sulcus that is divided by transverse ridges (Fig. 61). Gaster almost all yellow or with black spots and fasciae.....46
 - Propodeal enclosure with fine short cross ridges laterally (Fig. 64). Gaster largely yellow.....47
- 46. Tergum IV with continuous yellow fascia or nearly all yellow; tergum I black, terga II-VI partly yellow (Fig. 62). 8-12 mm.*C. lunata lunata* Costa (23, 25)
 - Tergum IV with interrupted yellowish-white fascia (Fig. 63). Dark design of gaster in most specimens with brown or red shade. 7-8 mm.*C. dispar* Dahlbom (27)
- 47. Clypeal free margin laterally with agglutined setae (Fig. 65).48
 - Clypeal free margin laterally with not agglutined setae (Figs. 68,69)..... 49
- 48. Prominent basal plate of sternum II concave mesally, at least 0.5 of sternum length (Fig. 66). 7-8 mm.....*C. spinifera* Kazenas (42)
 - Prominent basal plate of sternum II not concave, less than 0.4 of sternum length (Fig. 67). 6.5-7.8 mm.
.....*C. barchanica* Kazenas (47)



Figs. 75-112: 75 – clypeus of % *C. rybyensis*, 76 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. bicincta*, 77 – clypeus of & *C. bicincta*, 78 – pygidial plate of & *C. bicincta*, 79 – gaster of & *C. bicincta bicincta*, 80 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. bupresticida*, 81 – clypeus of & *C. bupresticida*, 82 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. angustata*, 83 – gaster of & *C. angustata*, 84 – vertical lamina of gastral sternum V of & *C. bupresticida*, 85 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. rothneyi*, 86 – pygidial plate of & *C. rothneyi*, 87 – clypeus of & *C. rothneyi*, 88 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. maculata*, 89 – pygidial plate of & *C. maculata*, 90 – clypeus of & *C. maculata*, 91 – clypeus of & *C. stratiotes*, 92 – gaster of & *C. stratiotes*, 93 – clypeus of & *C. integra*, 94 – gaster of & *C. integra*, 95 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. bicincta*, 96 – clypeus of % *C. bicincta*, 97 – gaster of % *C. bicincta bicincta*, 98 – gaster of % *C. bicincta leucozonica*, 99 - propodeal enclosure of % *C. bupresticida*, 100 – apical gaster part of % *C. bupresticida* from above, 101 – gaster of % *C. maculata*, 102 – pygidial plate of % *C. kokuevi*, 103 – pygidial plate of % *C. stratiotes*, 104 – propodeal enclosure of % *C. angustata*, 105 – gaster of % *C. stratiotes*, 106 – gaster of % *C. integra*, 107 - propodeal enclosure of & *C. rubida rubida*, 108 – clypeus of & *C. rubida albonotata*, 109 – gaster of & *C. rubida turbata*, 110 – gaster of % *C. rubida turbata*, 111 – gaster of & *C. rubida albonotata*, 112 – pygidial plate of & *C. errata*.

- 49. Sternum II convex basally, but without well-defined basal plate. Clypeal free margin with small median tooth (Fig. 69). 7.8-8 mm.....*C. maracandica* Radoszkowski (63)
- Sternum II with well-defined basal plate. Clypeal free margin straight (Fig. 68).....50
- 50. Hind femur with dark spot on inner surface. Face coarsely punctate. 6.5-7.5 mm.....
-*C. meditata* Shestakov (45)
- Hind femur all pale-yellow. Face finely punctate. 5.5-7 mm.....*C. angelica* Kazenas (40)
- 51. Terga III-VI all yellow or nearly so (Fig. 71). Propodeal enclosure nearly all unsculptured. 7-9 mm.....
-*C. andrei* Gussakovskij (58)
- Terga III-VI black, with yellow or pale-yellow spots. Propodeal enclosure with oblique ridges or unsculptured mesally 52



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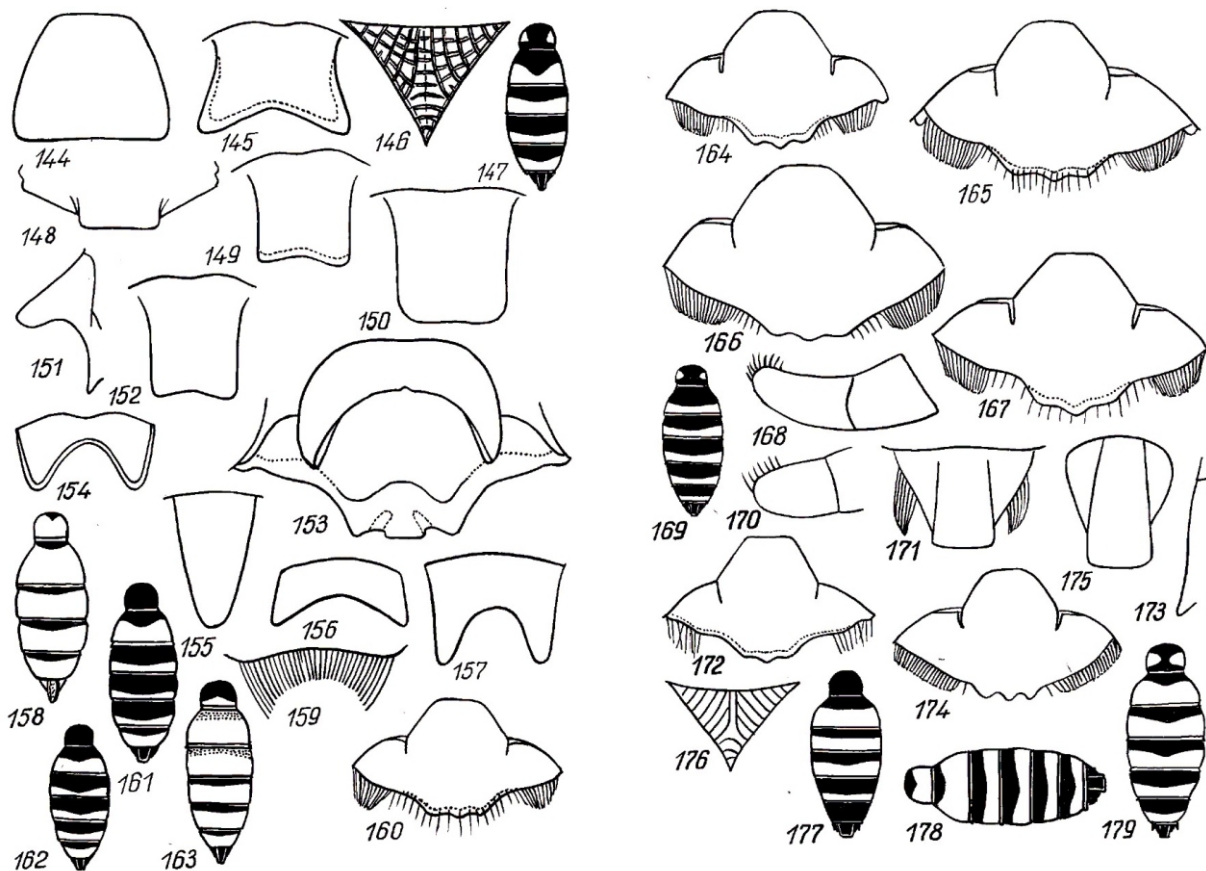
- 52. Propodeal enclosure unsculptured mesally (Fig. 72). Sternum VI slightly prominent posterolaterally. Forefemoral setae long, slightly sinuous. 9-9.5 mm.....***C. colorata*** Schletterer (56)
 - Propodeal enclosure all ridged. Sternum VI not prominent posterolaterally. Forefemoral setae shorter, arcuate.53
- 53. Terga IV and V with yellow fasciae of equal size (Fig. 73). Row of agglutined setae on clypeal free margin almost 0.5 x distance that separates it from opposite row. 6-10 mm. ***C. sabulosa*** (Panzer) (53).....54
 - Tergum IV, and in most specimens tergum V, all black, in some specimens with yellow spots; in latter case spots less developed on tergum IV than on tergum V (Fig. 74). Lateral rows of agglutined setae on clypeal free margin only a little narrower than space between rows (not more than 1.6 times) (Fig. 75). 6-11 mm. ***C. rybyensis*** (Linnaeus).55
- 54. Pale body markings golden-yellow. Legs without red***C. sabulosa sabulosa*** (Panzer) (53,55)
 - Pale body markings yellowish-white. Femur partly red..... ***C. sabulosa dahlbomi*** Beaumont (53,55)
- 55. Pale body markings yellowish-white.....***C. rybyensis dittrichi*** Schulz (49,51)
 - Pale body markings golden-yellow.***C. rybyensis rybyensis*** (Linnaeus) (49)
- 56. Propodeal enclosure ridged or unsculptured, in some species with sparse punctures; in the latter case tergum I greatly longer than its width. Clypeus of female without prominent lamella near free margin.....57

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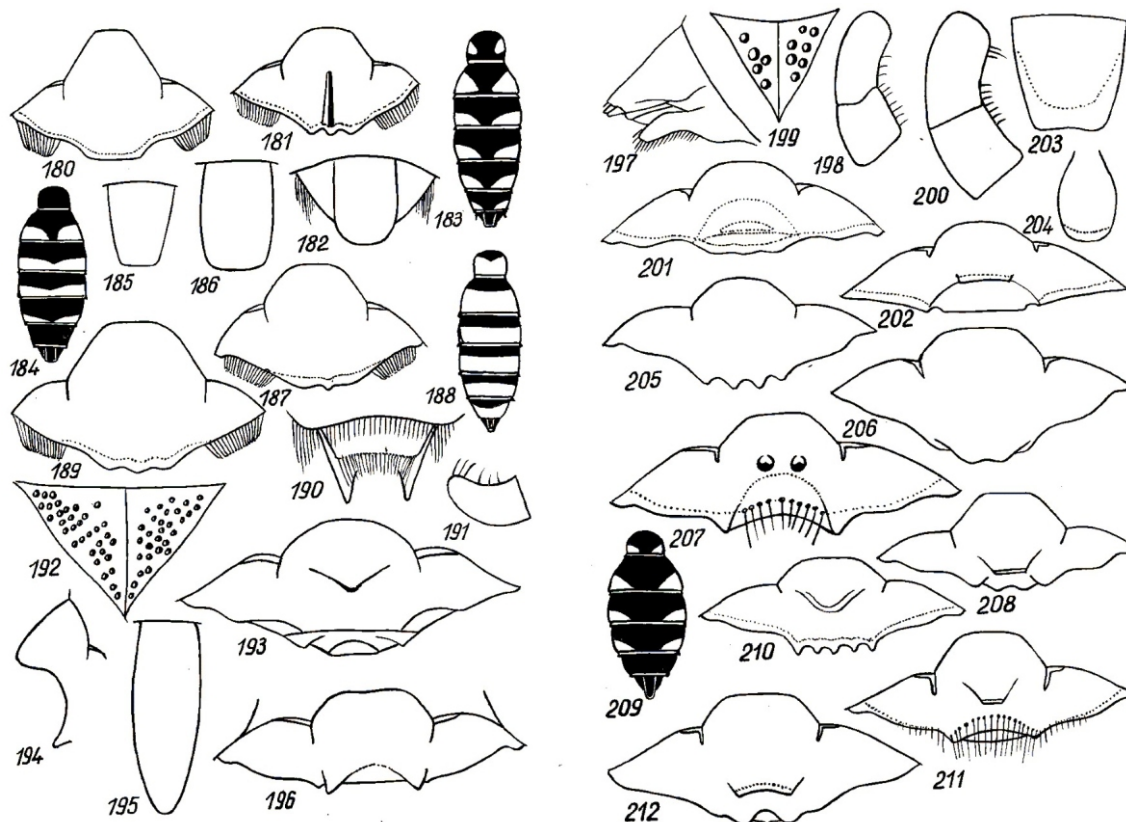
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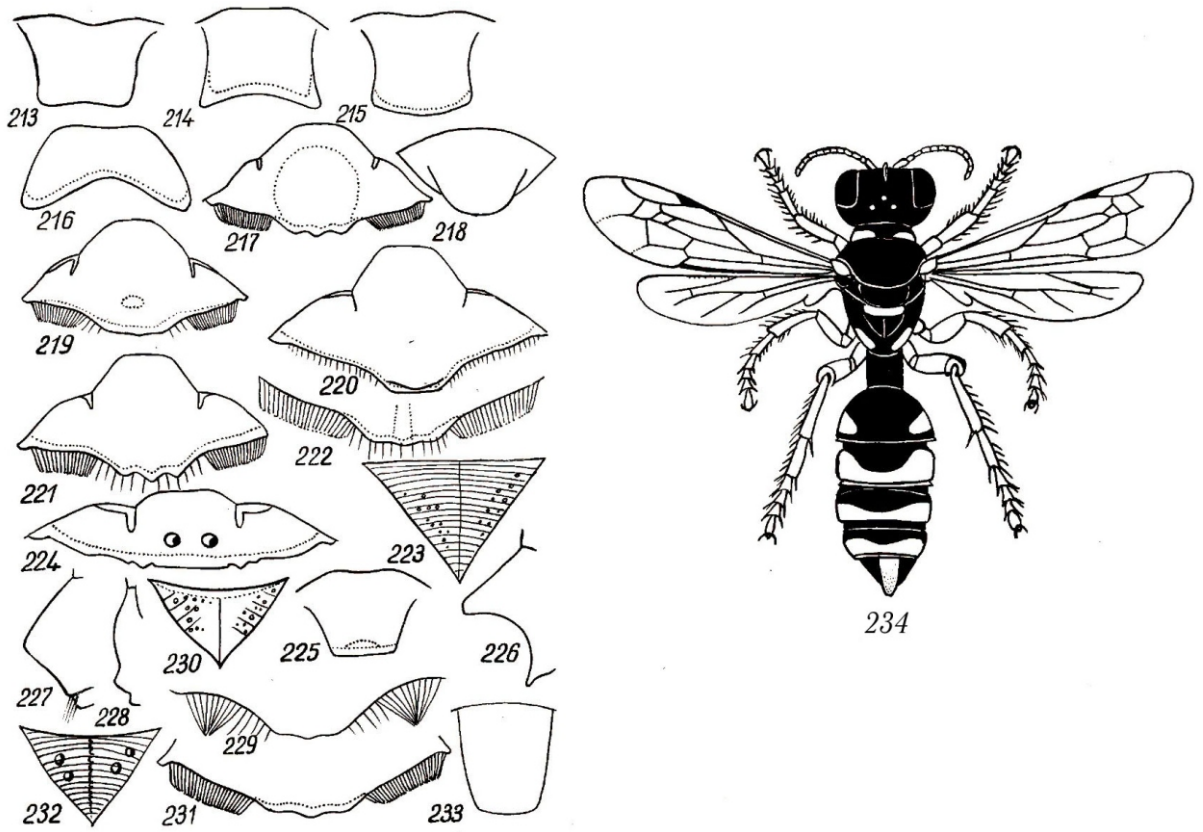
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Резюме

Казенас В.Л. Определительная таблица *Cerceris* Latreille (Hymenoptera, Sphecidae) Казахстана и Средней Азии.

В статье дается определительная таблица для 102 среднеазиатских видов роющих ос рода *Cerceris*. Статья дополняет вышедшую в 1984 г. в Алма-Ате монографию автора "Роющие осы рода *Cerceris* Средней Азии и Казахстана".